

Bulk Energy Storage in Future Electricity Systems in Europe

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Project Summary & Objectives

The project aims to unlock the potential for energy storage infrastructure, through:

- Analysis of the energy storage status and potential
- Assessment of the environmental considerations
- Reviewing together with key stakeholders the regulatory and market framework conditions
 - at European level
 - in the 6 target countries
- Improving the general understanding of the energy storage benefits for the European power system.

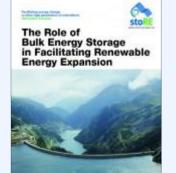




Results

- □ Current Status, Role and Costs of Energy Storage Technologies
- □ The Role of Bulk Energy Storage in Facilitating Renewable Energy Expansion
- Environmental Performance of Existing Energy Storage Installations
- □ Furthering the Sustainable Development of Bulk Energy Storage Facilities
- Guidelines for the development of PHES in environmentally sensitive sites
- European Regulatory & Market Framework for Electricity Storage Infrastructure
 Energy Storage Needs in the target countries











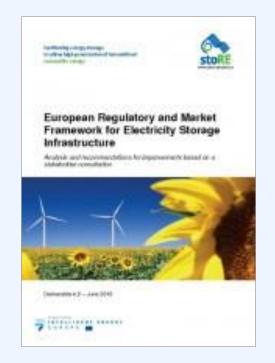
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Part 1

European Regulatory & Market Framework for Electricity Storage Infrastructure

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- Identify the key elements of the European market framework that potentially create unfavourable conditions for the development and operation of electricity storage infrastructure
- *Provide policy makers with recommendations for possible improvements*



Market for Europe

Single Energy

Energy Infrastructure

Package

Directives, policies, funding instruments and other initiatives

- The Electricity Directive Directive 2009/72/EC
- The Renewable Energy Directive Directive 2009/28/EC
- Framework Guidelines and Network Codes
- Better Governance for the Single Market COM(2012) 259
- Making the Internal Energy Market Work COM(2012) 663
- Blueprint for an integrated European energy network COM(2010) 677
- Guidelines for trans-European energy infrastructure COM(2011) 658
- Establishing the Connecting Europe Facility COM(2011) 665
- The Ten Year Network Development Plan (TYNDP)
- The list of "Projects of Common Interest" (PCIs)
- Policies, directives & other initiatives directly related to RE



Survey Methodology

 Feedback Collection and analysis of from overall 55 experts, through a questionnaire, telephone interviews, four round table discussions, feedback to draft versions of the report, advisory board meetings

Utilities / Industry	Associations	Developers	Research Institutes	TSOs and others
DONG Energy	EASE	Gaelectric	École Polytechnique Fédérale de Lausanne	50Hertz
E.ON	EREF	HSE Invest	JRC	ELIA
Endesa	HEA	IWUL	KU, Leuven	Red Eléctrica de España
RWE	Renewables Grid Initiative (RGI)	UPB/ROSHA	RSE	Philippe & Partners (law firm),
Verbund	Climate Parliament	Hydrowatt	SiTI	Electricity Authority of Cyprus
Panasonic Europe	Smart Energy for Europe Platform (SEFEP)	ELZACO Ltd	University of Zagreb	



Recommendations to the EC

1. Re-evaluate the exemption of PHES from the financing provision of the **infrastructure package**, restricting only financing to plants that could be profitable without support.

2. Officially clarify the applicability of the **unbundling principle** to electricity storage (Article 9(1) of the Electricity Directive), by including a clear definition of electricity storage and propose an approach that:

- Introduces clear restrictions to the use of electricity storage facilities by system operators if and when they are allowed some kind of control over them
- Facilitates the market selection of the most efficient solution for transmission vs. storage.
- **3.** Maintain the possibility to include in the **PCI** also projects not foreseen in the TYNDP.

4. Introduce **targeted regulatory interventions** and initiatives to ensure the **timely** development of storage infrastructure to the extent necessary.

5. Monitor and encourage the transposition of Electricity Directive Article 15 (7) to national legislation for transparent and market based mechanisms for balancing



Recommendations to ACER & ENTSO-E

1. Include **definitions of electricity storage in the network codes**, also taking into account smaller scale systems, in order to facilitate the development of similar administrative procedures in the Member States for their connection to the grid.

2. Develop a method to calculate **grid fees** that will take the real impact of the electricity storage system on the grid into account.

3. Apply **common rules** across Europe regarding grid fees in order to avoid deployment of a project in one country and provision of services in another, due to different framework conditions.

4. Critically review the **Cost Benefit Analysis** methodology developed for the evaluation of the proposed Projects of Common Interest to ensure that it is fair and treats electricity storage projects in equal terms with transmission and generation projects.



Recommendations to project developers & other stakeholders

1. Closely **monitor the on-going development of the network code on balancing** in order to ensure that electricity storage facilities will gain full access to cross border markets.

2. Monitor the transposition of Electricity Directive Article 15 (7) to national legislation for transparent and market based mechanisms for balancing

3. Critically review the **Cost Benefit Analysis** methodology developed for the evaluation of the proposed Projects of Common Interest to ensure that it is fair and treats electricity storage projects in equal terms with transmission and generation projects.



Part 2

Estimating the energy storage needs in Austria, Denmark, Germany, Greece, Ireland and Spain



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Calculation of total energy storage needs Seperation of long and short term energy storage needs

Renewable energy development scenarios

Calculation of

residual load

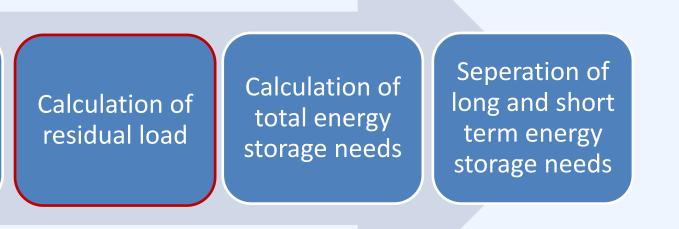


Development scenarios in stoRE

Target country	40% RE	80% RE	Import/Export	Heating sector
Austria	Already more than 40% RE →2020 scenarios A,B,C	2050 scenarios GREEN, BAU	Yes, combined system Germany - Austria	No
Denmark	Scenarios 2020 A,B,C Different wind development	One scenario	Yes, import/export via AC to Germany	Yes, for 80% RE
Germany	3 scenarios A,B,C Different RE development	3 scenarios A,B,C Different RE development	No	No
Greece	2 Scenarios A,B Strong PV, strong Wind	3 scenarios A,B,C Different RE development	No	No
Ireland	Scenarios 2020 A,B,C Different wind development	One scenario	Yes, import/export via HVDC to GB	No
Spain	2 Scenarios A,B Strong PV, strong Wind	2 Scenarios A,B Strong PV, strong Wind	No	No





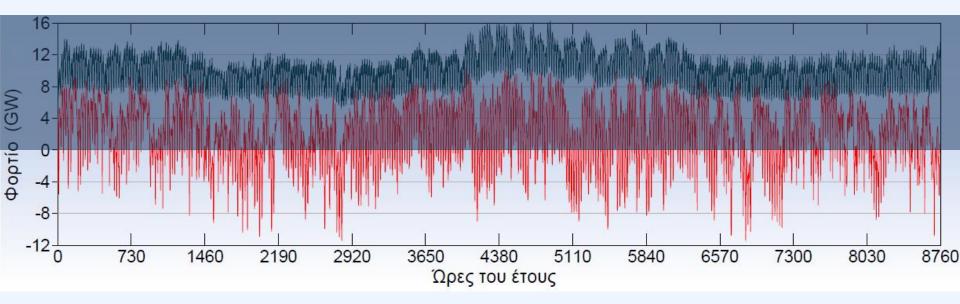


Development of renewable energies



Calculation of residual load

Calculation of residual load in Greece – 80% RES scenario







Calculation of

total energy

storage needs

Seperation of long and short term energy storage needs

Calculation of residual load

Development of renewable energies



Storage needs for 80% RES Zero curtailment & Unlimited Transmission

Countries	Additional Nee [G\	• • •	Additional Needed Stored Energy
	Charging	Discharging	[GWh]
Austria	0 - 2,98	0	0
Germany	31,85 - 55,16	25,17 - 29,04	950 - 1.534
Denmark	4,85	3,25	660,75
Ireland	6.8	4.3	2.700
Spain	34,2 - 46,8	30,4 - 36,8	640 - 6.340
Greece	10,6 - 15,1	8 - 8,3	340 - 1.550



Storage needs for 80% RES Zero curtailment & Unlimited Transmission

Countries	Additior	Additional Needed Capacity [GW]			Additional Needed Stored Energy		
	Chargi	Charging		ischarging		[GWh]	
Austria	0 - 2,9	0 - 2,98		0		0	
Germany	31,85 - 5	31,85 - 55,16		25,17 - 29,04		950 - 1.534	
Denmark	Scenario 80% RE	Addit		leeded Capacity GW)		Additionally Needed Stored Energy (GWh)	
Ireland		Char	ging	Discharging			
Spain	Equal	38.	.79	25.17		1,308	
	Wind	31.85		25.74		1,534	
Greece	PV	55.	.16	29.04		950	



Storage needs for 80% RES Zero curtailment & Unlimited Transmission

Countries	Additio	Additional Needed Capacity [GW]				Additional Needed Stored Energy	
	Scenario	Additionally Needed Capacity (GW)		ity	Additionally Needed		
Austria	80% RE	Charg	ing	Dischargin	g	Stored Energy (GWh)	
Austria	Equal	35.3		36.5		2240	
Gormany	Wind	34.2		36.8		1290	
Germany	PV	36.8		30.4		640	
Denmark		Nuclear scenarios					
Denmark	Equal-n	45.3		33.6		6340	
Ireland	Wind-n	44.	2	33.6		5000	
Ireland	PV-n	46.8		34.9		4300	
Spain	34,2 -	46,8 3		,4 - 36,8		640 - 6.340	
Greece	10,6 -	15,1	8 - 8,3			340 - 1.550	



Regulatory & Market Framework in the Target Countries

What is the effect of the regulatory and market framework conditions on the development of new and operation of existing energy storage facilities in the target countries?

Aim: Identify possible barriers

Wide consultation process + Questionnaire + Workshop

Recommendations for improvements in the form of Action Lists





Contact



- Visit <u>www.store-project.eu</u> for all project results!
- Join our discussions on the <u>Energy Storage & Grid</u> <u>Technologies group</u> in
- Check our new project: <u>www.industre.eu</u>

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